OPERATOR'S MANUAL

Kubota

MODELS: B1200 - B1400

B1500 - B1600

B1702 - B1902



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IMPLEMENT LIMITATIONS

The KUBOTA tractor has been thoroughly tested for proper performance with implements sold or approved by KUBOTA. Use with implements which exceed the maximum specifications listed below, or which are otherwise unfit for use with the KUBOTA Tractor may result in malfunctions or failures of the tractor, damage to other property and injury to the operator or others. [Any malfunctions or failures of the tractor resulting from the use with improper implements are not covered by the warranty].

	Tread (max. widt	Lower link end max. loading	
	Front	Rear	weight (W₀)
B1410 - B1610	858mm	1031mm	300kg

		Actual Figures			
	Implement weight	Max. Drawbar Load	Trailer loading weight		
	$W_\mathtt{1}$	W_2	W ₃		
	and/or size		Max. capacity		
B1410 - B1610	As in the following list (Shown on the next page)	330kg	100kg		

Lower link end max. loading weight

.ower link end max. loading weig

The max. allowable load which can put on the lower link

end: Wo

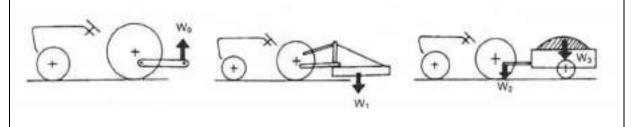
Implement weight:

The implement's weight which can be put on the lower link: W₁

Max. drawbar load: W₂

Trailer loading weight:

The max. loading weight for trailer (With trailer's weight): W₃



NOTE:

• Implement size may vary depending on soil operating conditions

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Implement		Remarks		B1410 - B1610	
	Mid-mount	Max cutting width	(cm)	122	
Mower		Max weight	(kg)	140	
	Rotary-cutter	Max cutting width	(cm)	107	
	(1-blade)	Max weight	(kg)	140	
	Rear-mount	Max cutting width	(cm)	122	
	(2 or 3 blade)	Max weight	(kg)	140	
	Flail-mower	Max cutting width	(cm)	170	
	Sickle bar	Max cutting width	(cm)	122	
Rotary tiller		Max tilling width	(cm)	107	
		Max weight	(kg)	170	
Bottom plough		Max size	(cm)	30 x 1	
Disc plough		Max size	(cm)	56 x 1	
Cultivator		Max size	(cm)	122	
				1 Row	
Disc harrow		Max harrowing width	(cm)	122	
		Max weight	(kg)	120	
Sprayer		Max tank capacity	(L)	150	
Front blade		Max cutting width	(cm)	122	
		Sub frame		Necessary	
Rear blade		Max cutting width	(cm)	152	
		Max weight	(kg)	160	
Front loader		Max lifting capacity	(kg)	200	
		Max width	(cm)	110	
		Sub frame		Necessary	
Box blade		Max cutting width	(cm)	107	
		Max weight	(kg)	170	
Back hoe		Max digging depth	(cm)	183	
		Max weight Sub frame	(kg)	270	
			, ,	Necessary	
Snow blower		Max working width	(cm)	107	
		Max weight Sub frame	(kg)	160 Necessary	
Tueller			(kg)	,	
Trailer		Max load capacity	(kg)	1000	

Note:

• Implement size may vary depending on soil operating conditions

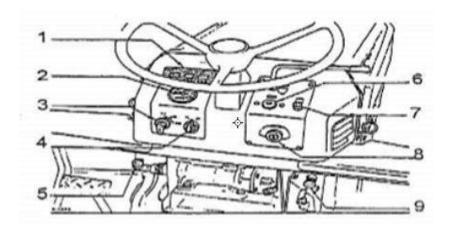
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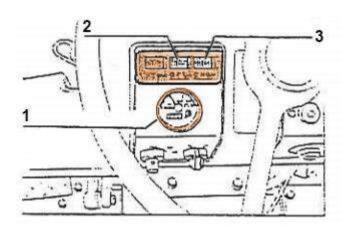
1. DASHBOARD & CONTROLS

1.1. Dashboard



- 1. Control panel
- 2. Hour meter
- 3. Light switch
- 4. Indicator switch
- 5. Decompression lever
- 6. Glow plug indicator
- 7. Horn
- 8. Ignition switch
- 9. Engine stop switch

Control Panel (1)



- 1. Engine rev counter (RPM)
- 2. Oil pressure warning light (OIL)
- 3. Battery charging light (CHG)

Oil Pressure Warning Light

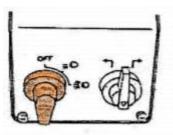
This light warns against any drop in engine oil pressure. It will illuminate when the ignition switch is in the ON position and in normal operation will extinguish once the engine is running.

Battery Charging Light

This light warns against insufficient battery charging. It will illuminate when the ignition switch is in the ON position and in normal operation will extinguish once the engine is running.

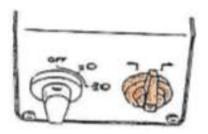
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Light Switch (3)



- Headlamps off
- Headlamps low beam
- Headlamps full beam

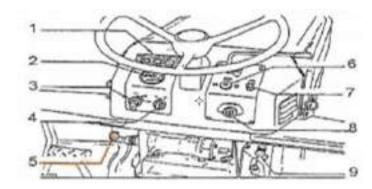
Indicator Switch (4)



Select left/right indicator.

Turn the switch back to the central position once the maneuver is complete.

Decompression Lever (5)



Pull lever to decompress the engine.

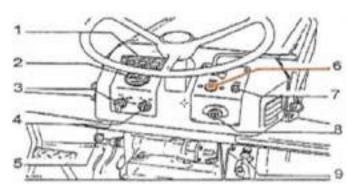
Use in the following cases:

- When starting the engine in cold weather
- If the battery is low on charge

WARNING:

After using the decompression lever, ensure the lever is back in its original position.

Glow Plug Indicator (6)

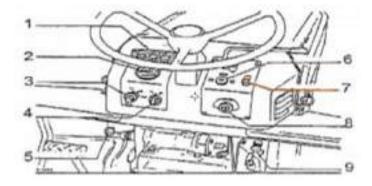


Indicates that the combustion chamber has reached pre-heating level.

The glow plugs are energized when the ignition switch is in either the TS or START position.

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Horn (7)



The horn operates by pushing the button when the ignition switch is in the ON position.

Ignition Switch (8)



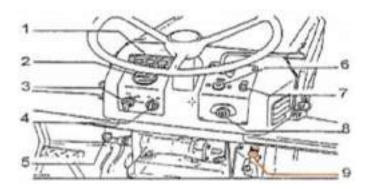
Starting procedure:

- Insert/remove key
- Preheating by glow plugs (Minitrac)
- Fully depress the clutch pedal to start the engine

Ignition switch positions:

- TS Glow plugs onlyOFF Power supply offON Power supply on
- START Glow plugs/engine start

Engine Stop Switch (9)

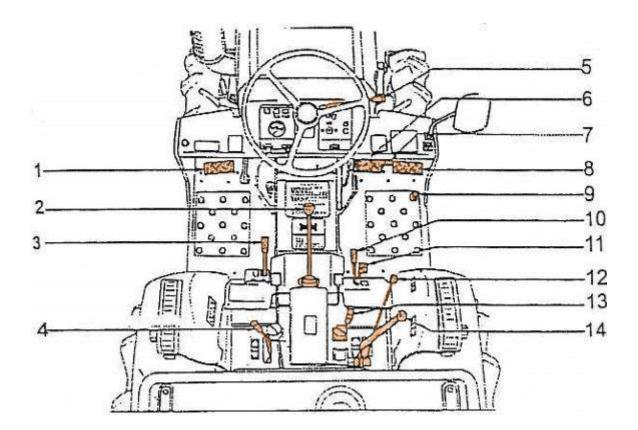


The engine will stop when this lever is fully pulled out.

Once the engine has stopped, ensure the lever is immediately pushed back to its original position. If it is not fully pushed back, then the engine will not start again.

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1.2. Controls

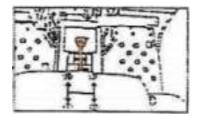


- 1. Clutch pedal
- 2. Main transmission gear lever
- 3. PTO transmission gear lever
- 4. 2WD or 4WD gear lever (under seat)
- 5. Hand accelerator lever
- 6. Right brake pedal
- 7. Brake pedal connection plate
- 8. Left brake pedal
- 9. Foot accelerator pedal
- 10. Intermediate transmission gear lever (low/high ratio)
- 11. Differential lock pedal
- 12. Attachment raise/lowering lever (via hydraulic connections at rear of the tractor)
- 13. Crawler gear lever (under seat)
- 14. Hydraulic lift-arm control lever

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Main Transmission, Intermediate Transmission and Crawler Gear Levers

By combining the 3 gear lever options below, 12 forward gears and 4 reverse gears can be selected:







Main Transmission (2)

Intermediate Transmission (10)

Crawler Gear (13)

Intermediate gear – Low ratio	1 st Gear
	2 nd Gear
	3 rd Gear
	Reverse
Intermediate gear – High ratio	1 st Gear
	2 nd Gear
	3 rd Gear
	Reverse
Crawler gear – Low ratio	1 st Gear
	2 nd Gear
	3 rd Gear
	Reverse
Crawler gear – High ratio	1 st Gear
	2 nd Gear
	3 rd Gear
	Reverse

Use of the Crawler Gear:

Crawling speed can cause malfunctions or engine problems. TO avoid these, please follow the instructions below:

When to use?	When working on a tight turning circle, or if the soil is very fine When working on a tight turning circle, or if the soil is too hard When transplanting When trenching When loading or unloading the vehicle
When <u>not</u> to use?	When coming out of the mud When pulling a trailer (Minitrac)

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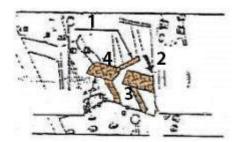
Clutch Pedal (1)

The clutch transmits power to each operational part. The clutch is OFF when the pedal is fully depressed, and ON when the pedal is released.

The engine cannot be started unless the clutch is fully depressed.

Brake Pedal (6/7/8)

Contrary to normal vehicles, the left and right brakes operate independently of each other. When driving on the road, use the brake connection plate. When working off-road, do not use this plate.

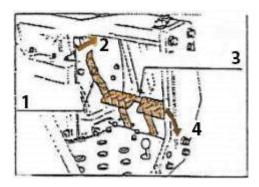


- 1. Connection plate
- 2. Swivel plate into position when driving on a road
- 3. Right hand side brake pedal
- 4. Left hand side brake pedal

Safety Recommendation: When driving downhill, uphill or on low ditches, make sure to use the brake connection plate. (Minitrac)

Parking Brake

Connect right and left brake pedals, depress them and pull the parking brake lever, this will push the bolt in the slot and lock the wheels.

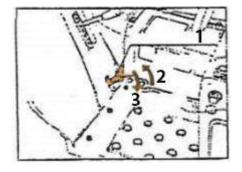


- 1. Parking brake lever
- 2. Pull lever until it engages with the brake pedal
- 3. Connection plate on
- 4. Depress to release parking brake

Differential Lock Pedal (11)

Prevents skidding by turning both rear wheels at same speed. When the pedal is fully depressed, the differential is locked, when the pedal is released it is unlocked.

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- 1. Differential lock pedal
- 2. Release to unlock
- 3. Depress to lock

How and when to use the differential lock pedal:

Although it is very useful if used properly, incorrect use can cause serious damage or the tractor to roll over.

- 1. When you cannot go forward because of a tyre skidding, when you go in or come out of a field, or when operating a front loader
- 2. When the tyre is stuck in mud
- 3. When the tyre skids under power or when ploughing

Warning:

- 1. When engaging the differential lock system, reduce the engine revs
- 2. When the pedal is engaged (or when you are depressing it), do not turn
- 3. When the pedal is difficult to release, release the clutch or lightly depress each brake pedal, left and right (pushing too hard can cause damage).

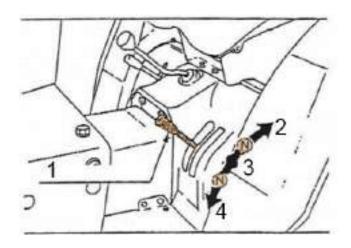
Safety Instructions: It is extremely dangerous to turn when the differential lock pedal is engaged. Failing to follow these instructions can result in serious accidents.

PTO Transmission Gear Lever (3)

By using this gear lever you can obtain 3 PTO gears.

Before changing PTO gears ensure the following:

- The PTO has stopped turning
- The clutch is depressed



1. PTO gear lever

2. 1st gear: 550 RPM
 3. 2nd gear: 770 RPM
 4. 3rd gear: 1150 RPM

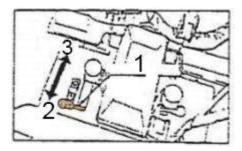
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Safety Instructions: When not in use, the PTO shaft needs to be greased and covered. It could otherwise be caught by a person or machine and cause a serious accident

2WD or 4WD Gear Lever (4)

The 2WD/4WD lever is situated under the seat.

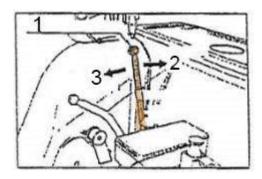
Depress the clutch pedal and bring the lever to the ON position (backwards) to engage the front wheel transmission i.e. 4WD. Bring the lever to the OFF position (forwards) to disengage 4WD and return to 2WD.



- 1. Front wheel drive gear lever
- 2. OFF position (i.e. 2WD)
- 3. On position (i.e. 4WD)

Hydraulic Lift Control Lever (14)

The oil pressure control operates at all times when the engine is running, whether or not the clutch is engaged.



- 1. Pressure control
- 2. Pull lever backwards to raise
- 3. Push lever forwards to lower

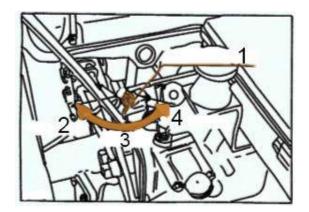
This lever enables the lifting arm to raised or lowered. When the lever is pulled back, the lifting arm is raised. When the lever is pushed forward, the lifting arm will lower.

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Attachment Lowering Control Lever (12)

The speed adjustment lever is situated under the seat.

When the lever is turned clockwise, the lift arm lowering speed is slowed down. When turned to anticlockwise, then the lift arm lowering speed is increased (Minitrac).



- 1. Lower speed control lever (under seat)
- 2. Lower lifting arm slower
- 3. Adjustment range
- 4. Lower lifting arm faster

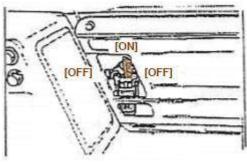
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2. OPERATING & DRIVING

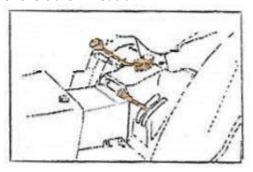
Pre-start Checks

Before starting the engine make sure that:

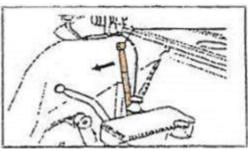
1. The diesel tap is on:



2. Gear and PTO levers are in neutral:

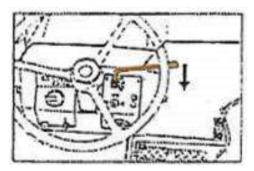


3. The hydraulic lift control lever is down:



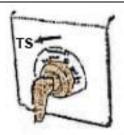
Starting the Engine

1. Pull the hand accelerator towards you to increase the revs:

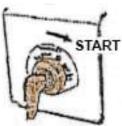


2. Pre-heating – turn the ignition key to the left to the **TS** position to heat the glow plugs. In cold weather turn the key for 15 to 30 seconds until the glow plug indicator glows red.

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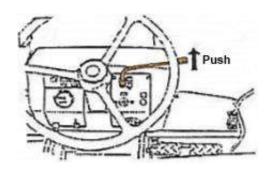


3. Fully depress the clutch pedal and turn the ignition key to the START position.

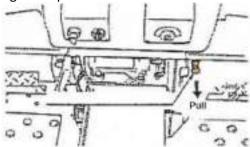


Stopping the Engine

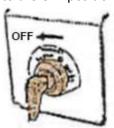
1. Push the hand accelerator forward to tick-over speed:



2. Pull the engine stop switch:



3. Turn the ignition key to the OFF position:



Driving the Tractor

It is necessary to warm up the engine for 5 minutes before driving, to make sure all the parts are well lubricated and to avoid overheating and deterioration.

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Warning: Ensure the parking brake is engaged during warm up.

How to start and drive the tractor:

- 1. Make sure both brake pedals are connected
- 2. Use the hand accelerator to change from tick-over to moderate speed
- 3. Fully depress the clutch pedal
- 4. Bring the gear lever, the intermediate transmission gear lever and the hydraulic control to the required position.
 - **Warning:** It is not possible to change transmission when driving. It is necessary to stop the tractor and depress the clutch pedal (Minitrac).
- 5. Slowly releasing the clutch pedal will cause the tractor to start moving

Warning: Do not leave your foot on the clutch pedal when driving as this could cause the clutch bearings to seize. When using the clutch pedal, quickly depress and slowly release (Minitrac).

Safety instruction: When the tractor is moving, watch the back, front and both sides to avoid an accident.

How to stop:

- 1. Push the hand accelerator forward to tick-over position
- 2. Depress brake and clutch pedals
- 3. Once the tractor has totally stopped, bring the gear lever to neutral
- 4. If an attachment is connected, slowly push the control lever forward to lower the attachment
- 5. Make sure the parking brake is ON
- 6. Stop the engine with the engine stop switch

Warning: Do not park downhill without placing chocks against the wheels.

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3. MAINTENANCE & CHECKS

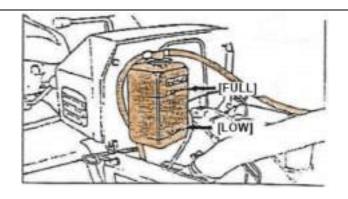
Water Level

Rear Axle Oil Level Take out the oil dip-stick, wipe it, and reinsert. Remove dipstick once again and check level (Minitrac). It is necessary to add oil when the level is below the minimum limit, but never exceed the maximum limit. 1. Rear axle oil dip-stick gauge location 2. Maximum oil level 3. Minimum oil level **Engine Oil Level** When checking the oil level, make sure the tractor is on a flat surface. It is impossible to check accurately if the tractor is not level. Oil filling cap 2. Dipstick 3. Maximum oil level 4. Minimum oil level Check the oil level before starting or more than 3 minutes after the engine has stopped. At other times, the check will not be accurate as oil stagnates in certain engine parts.

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radiator with coolant should the water level drop.

Next to the radiator is a top-up tank which automatically supplies the

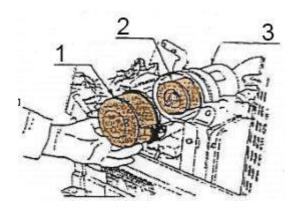


The water level must be checked in the top-up tank and maintained between the **Full** and **Low** positions.

Air Filter Cleaning

The air filter protects the engine from damaging dust and sand. It must therefore be cleaned regularly to avoid engine seizure.

Clean out the dust from the filter cowling. Clean out the dust from the filter

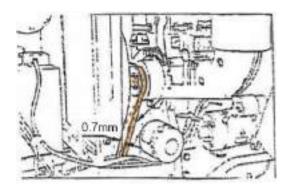


- 1. Cowling
- 2. Filter element
- 3. Air filter

Warning: when installing the filter cowling, check that the "top" sign is well at the top. The filter housing will otherwise leak air and particles will damage the filter (Minitrac).

Fan Belt Tension

If the fan belt is badly adjusted, then the battery may not charge correctly and may go flat. A badly adjusted fan belt may also cause the engine to overheat.

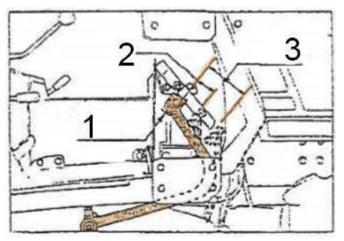


Check ad adjust the slack movement in the centre of the belt to +/- 0.7mm. Check the fan belt for damage and replace if necessary.

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Brake Pedal Adjustment

In order to avoid any accidents, brakes must be adjusted properly. Make sure the play is between 30mm and 40mm on each pedal, and that they are properly balanced.

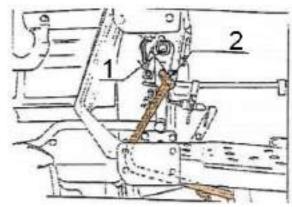


- 1. Brake pedal
- 2. Brake pedal play
- 3. Left and right brake pedal adjustment

Clutch Pedal Adjustment

If the clutch is not properly adjusted, it can slip and therefore reduce the amount of power transmitted from the engine.

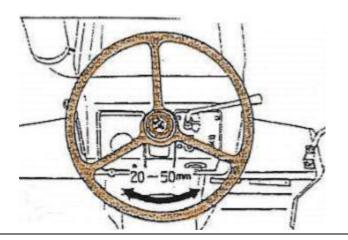
Check that the clutch pedal play is between 20mm and 30mm.



- 1. Clutch play
- 2. Clutch pedal

Steering Wheel Adjustment

Care must be taken with the steering wheel adjustment, and check the play by turning it left and right.

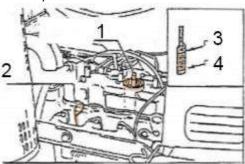


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Exhaust Fumes	Check the exhaust fumes for colour:			
Landust Funies	Colourless Normal			
	Black	The fuel is too rich causing imperfect combustion		
	White	When the temperature is low, the engine oil can burn		
	Vilite	and appear as white steam		
Fuel – Diesel	If there is sand or grit in the diesel, the injection pump will not work.			
	and or give in the diesely the injection paint will not work			
	A filter must be used	when filling up the diesel tank.		
Fuel Filter	Water and grit present in the fuel will be extracted by the fuel filter. When the filter is blocked/full, turn off the fuel tap, remove and clean the filter.			
	Air must always be re	emoved when refitting the filter as follows:		
		filter to the ON position		
	O CONJ			
	Open the tap	s as follows		
	Open 1-2. At the top of the injection pump Open 3-4. At the top of the fitter			
	Warning: Only open the pump tap and filter tap when draining (Minitrac).			
	 Half fill the tank Turn the filter tap off Fill the tank up to the top Run the engine for one minute then stop it Turn off the pump tap 			
	Warning: Only open	the pump tap and filter tap when draining (Minitrac).		
Engine Oil Change	Drain the engine oil b	Sump Plug		

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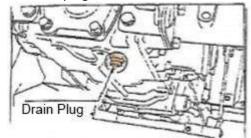
Refit the sump plug after draining, then refill the engine with new oil to the maximum limit (3.4 litres):



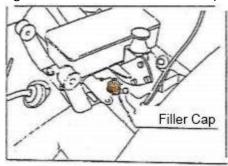
- 1. Oil filler cap
- 2. Oil gauge
- 3. Maximum oil level
- 4. Minimum oil level

Transmission Oil Change

Remove the rear axle drain plug and drain the transmission oil:

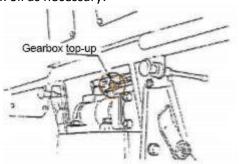


Replace the drain plug and refill to the maximum limit (17 litres):



Gearbox Oil Checks

Top-up the gearbox oil as necessary:

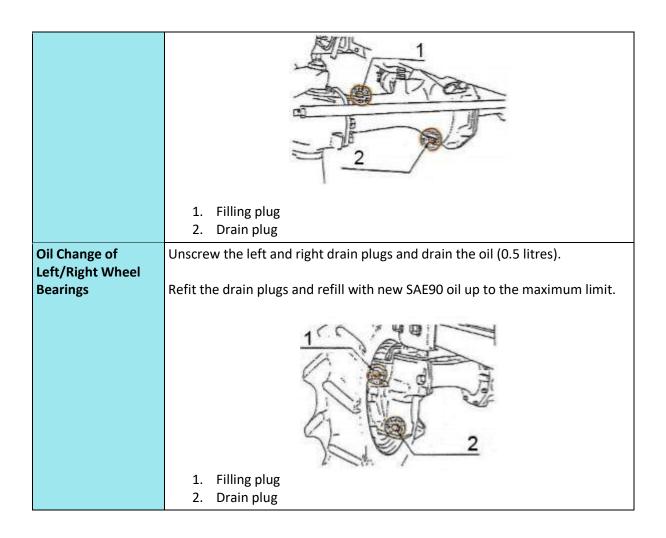


Front Axle Oil Change

Unscrew the front axle drain plug and drain the oil (+/- 1.5 litres).

Refit the drain plug and refill with new SAE90 oil up to the maximum limit (+/- 1.5 litres).

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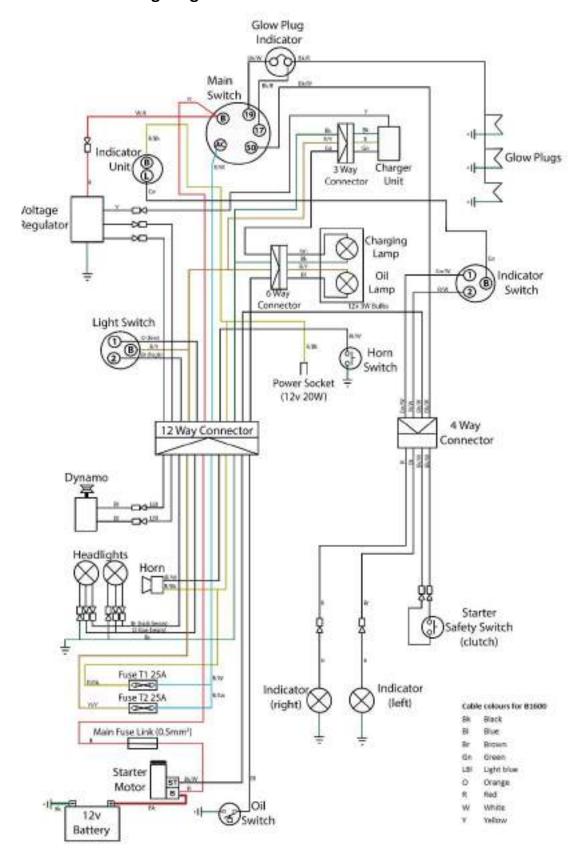
4. SPECIFICATIONS

Model		B1200DT	B1400DT	B1600DT	
Engine	Engine Model	D750L	D850L	D950	
	Type of Engine	Vertical, water cooled, 4-cycle diesel			
	Number of cylinders	3			
	Displacement Volume	762cc	855cc	927cc	
	Power	12HP/2600RPM	14HP/2600RPM	16HP/2600RPM	
	Cylinder (diameter/stroke)	68 x 70mm	72 x 70mm	75x70mm	
	Fuel Type	Kubota diesel heavy oil or diesel light oil			
	Starter	Self-starter (with glow plug compressor)			
	Self-starter Power	12V/0.6kw 12v/0.8k			
	Lubricating System	Trachoid	d pump forced feed sys	tem	
	Cooling System	Pressure typ	oe radiator (natural circ	culation)	
	Battery Capacity	NT60 (35Ah)	NT80 (45Ah)	NS70L (65Ah)	
	Fuel Tank Capacity		20L		
	Engine Oil Capacity		3.4L		
	Cooling Water Capacity	3.4L	(including reserve tank)	
	Transmission Oil Capacity		17L		
Dimensions	Total Length	2140mm	2180mm	2420mm	
		(without rotary)	(without rotary)	(without rotary)	
	Total Width	1030mm (tread 820mm)	1050mm (tread 810mm)	1090mm (tread 850mm)	
	Total Height	1865mm	1880mm	1900mm	
	Wheel Base	1250mm		1350mm	
	Ground Clearance	225mm 235mm		240mm	
	Ground cicarance	(front wheel)	(front wheel)	(front wheel)	
Tread	Front	770mm			
	Rear	770-820-870mm	760-810-860mm	850-970mm	
Tyre Size	Front	5.00-12-2PR		5.00-12-4PR	
	Rear	7-14/16-2PR	8-16-4PR	8.3-22-4PR	
Weight (without	rotary, dry)	482kg	500kg	640kg	
PTO	Location	Rear of tran	nsmission casing (front	engine)	
	Ground Clearance	430mm 480mm			
	Revolving Direction	Clockwise (watching from rear)			
	Speed Change	3 speeds			
	Shaft Dimension	6 spline, 35mm diameter			
Clutch			Dry single clutch		
Steering Gear		Ball screw type			
Transmission Type		Selective sliding gear			
Speed Change		Forward 6 speeds, reverse 2 speeds			
Minimum Turning Radius		1.73m 1.75m 1.79m			
Brake System		Single system – right/left independent (with connection system)			
Differential Gear		Front and rear			

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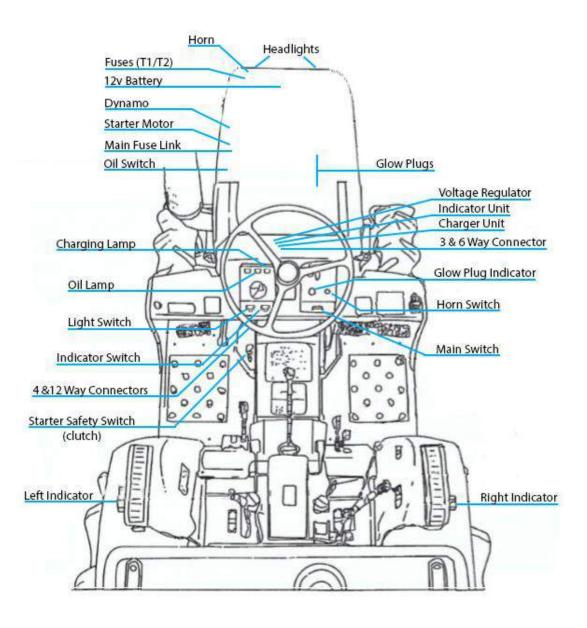
5. ELECTRICAL

Kubota B1400 Wiring Diagram



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Kubota B1400 Electrical Component Location



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